

fysms (I) MARKS: 75 Time: 2 1/2 hours

NE	B: (1) (2)		
1.			(08
	(i)	is the holy book of Buddhism. (Tripitaka, Agam Sutras, Torah)	
	(ii)	Kannada belongs to language family. (Dravidian, Indo-Aryan, Austro-Asiatic)	
	(iii)	Eighth Schedule of Indian Constitution recognizeslanguages. (18, 20, 22)	
	(iv)	The term 'Secular' was added to the Preamble by the Constitutional Amendment Act. (42 nd , 43 rd , 44 th)	Ī
	(v)	The water dispute over river involves the state of Maharashtra, Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh. (Cauvery, Krishna, Koyna)	ì
	(vi)	is the largest minority religion in India. (Islam, Christianity, Sikhism)	
	(vii)	is the main cause of blindness. (Cataract, Trachoma, Myopia)	
	(viii)	Article of Indian Constitution abolishes untouchability. (16, 17, 18)	
	(ix)	National emergency can be declared under Article of the Constitution. (352, 356, 360)	
	(x)	73 rd Amendment has added Schedule to Indian Constitution. (10 th , 11 th ,12th)	

Paper / Subject Code: 81905 / Foundation Course-I

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	(B) State whether the following statements are True or False (any seven).	(07)
	(i) Guru Nanak is the founder of Sikhism.	
	(ii) The caste system is a form of social stratification.	
	(iii) In India there are separate personal laws for different religions.	
	(iv) Assamese is a Dravidian language.	
	(v) Denial of share in properties is a form of domestic violence.	
	(vi) There is reservation of seats for women in state legislatures.	
	(vii) Kerala has the highest literacy rate in India.	SVAII.
	(viii) India has adopted Presidential democracy.	
	(ix) The Mayor of Greater Mumbai is elected for a period of 5 years.	
	(x) Panchayati Raj was given Constitutional status through 74 th Amendment Act.	
2.	Examine the various forms of violence against women in India. What are the legislative	
	provisions to curb such violence.	(15)
	OR	
	Explain the various institutional and legal measures to support persons with disabilities.	
3.	Discuss the causes and consequences of communalism in India.	(15)
	\mathbf{OR}	
	Write a note on regional conflicts in India. Substantiate with examples.	
4.	Critically examine the Fundamental Duties as incorporated in the Constitution of India.	
	\mathbf{OR}	(15)
	Explain the salient features of Indian Constitution.	
5.	Write a detailed note on Rural Local Self-Government in India.	(15)
	OR	-8.
	Write short notes on any three:	
	(a) India as a multi-religious nation	
	(b) Urban characteristics of Indian society	
Ø.	(c) Causes of declining sex ratio	
	(d) Significance of the Preamble	
	(e) Features of Indian party system	
