Maximum Marks: 75 V321NBE19 Duration: 2.30 Hrs Note: 1) All Questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate Full marks. 3) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary. 4) Use only simple calculator. State whether the following statements are True or False. (Any Eight) 08 M Q.1 a) 1) An equation is true only for a specific value. 2) A variable is an identity whose quantity can change over specified time period. 3) Demand curve always slopes upward. 4) Geometric method measures the elasticity of demand at a point on the demand curve. 5) The concept of iso-quants is used to explain the expansion path. 6) Economies of scale help to reduce the cost of production. 7) A monopoly firm and industry are identical. 8) A firm under perfect competition incurs heavy selling cost. 9) Under marginal cost pricing, prices are determined on the basis of fixed cost 10) Today firms produce a variety of product rather than a single product. 07 M b) Match the following. (Any Seven) GROUP 'B' Group 'A' a. Positive sloped demand curve 1. Graphs b. ED<1 2. Business Economics c. Declines as production increases 3. Inferior Goods d. Accounting cost 4. Relatively elastic demand e. Relative abundance of variables. 5. Negative Marginal return f. Geometrical tool to study functions 6. Explicit cost g. Third degree price discrimination 7. MC = ACi. TR = TC8. Break event point j. Application of economic theory 9. Oligopoly k. EP>1 10. Different price in different market 1. First degree price discrimination 07 M Q.2. a) Explain the nature of demand curve in different markets. b) What is demand forecasting? Explain the survey method of demand 08 M forecasting. 07 M What is an Iso-quant? Explain its properties using diagrams. d) The demand schedule for an industry in a purely competitive market is given 08 M as follows -O = 500 - 3PThe short-run supply schedule of the industry is a follows :-Q = -3 + 8PQuestions: 1. What is the equilibrium price and quantity in the market. 2. What is the total expenditure incurred by the consumer? 3. Calculate the total revenue of the firm. 07 M Q.3.

08 M

a) Explain the law of returns to scale in detail.

o)	The total fixed cost incurred by a firm is Rs.1000/-, calculate TC, A	C, AFC, <b>08 M</b>
c)	TVC and AVC from the following data.	81
	UNIT 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
	MC 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800	07.34
d) <sup>l</sup>	- the concept of break-even analysis.	07 M
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Q.4.	·	v under 08 M
a)		j dizzara
•	monopolistic competition.	07 M
b)	Discuss the wastes of monopolistic competition.	
	OR OR	00 34
c)	Discuss the various types of price leadership.	08 M 07 M
d)	C. C. Trethout eviernal illaiket.	07 101
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Q.5,		08 M
a)	What is price rigidity? Discuss it with the help of suitable diagram.	07 M
b)	Discuss the merits and demerits of full cost pricing.	
	OR	7.5
Q.5.	an emilion of	15 M
<b>Q.3.</b>	- D 11	
2.	.5	
3.	3. Kinky demand curve	
4.	4. Income elasticity of demand	
5.	5. Business Economics	

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