Prydien sem-I

4. Drawing account always credit balance.

5. Sale of scrap is debited to manufacturing account.6. Inventory includes assets purchased and held for resale.

Marks:- 100 **B19NAFM Duration: 3 Hrs** 2) All questions carry equal marks. Note:- 1) All questions are compulsory. 3) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks. (10M)Q.1. A. Select the appropriate word; (Any Ten) 1. As per AS-1, disclosure should be made of b) Assumptions in accounting a) Significant accounting policies d)Accounting policies c) Accounting principles 2. Valuation of inventories governed by b)Income Tax Act a) Companies Act d) AS-6 c) AS-2 3. Cost of transport of material b)Increases conversion cost a) Increases landing cost of material d)Increase Fixed cost b) Decreases variable cost 4. Stock is valued at cost or at market value whichever is lower as per b)Cost concept a) Realisation concept d)Entity concept c) Matching Concept 5. Inventory of a manufacturer does not includes b) Stock of WIP a) Stock of Raw Material c) Stock of Finished Goods d) Live Stock 6. Legal expenses in connection with purchase of land 50,000 a) Revenue expenditure b) Capital expenditure d) Revenue Loss c) Deferred revenue expenditure 7. Salaries and wages appear in b) Profit & Loss Account a) Trading Account d) Trial Balance. c) Balance Sheet 8. Goods given as sample should be credited to b) Sales Alc. a) Balance sheet d) Debtors c) Purchase A/c 9. Manufacturing Account shows a) Cost of production b) Gross profit d) Gross Loss c) Net profit 10. Lighting charges are apportioned over the department according to : b) Cost of machines a) No.of Light points d) Employees c) Sales 11. Under Hire purchase system, depreciation is provided by hire purchases b) HP price a) Cash price d) Market price c) Down payment 12. Hire purchase is equal to b) Cash price – interest a) Cash price d) Cash Price - Discount c) Cash price + interest Q.1B.State whether the following statement are True Or False: (Any Ten) (10M)1. AS-9 deal with government grants. 2. Wages paid to worker is a Revenue Expenditure. 3. Rent of building is allocated on the basis of area.

- 7. Down payment includes interest.
- 8. Expenditure that results in acquisition of a permanent asset is a capital expenditure.
- 9. Loss by fire in a department is charged to General Profit and Loss Account in departmental accounting.
- 10. The Manufacturing account always shows a debit balance.
- 11. Income received in advance is shown on the assets side of the balance sheet.
- 12. Installation expenses of new machinery is debited to machinery account.

# Q.2. Trial balance of Rizwan ltd. as on 31st March 2022 was as follows:

| Particular                  | Amount   | Particular          | Amount               |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Opening Stock:              |          | Sundry Creditors    | 18,000               |
| -Raw Material               | 20,000   | Bank Loan           | 80,000               |
| -Work in Progress           | 10,000   | Sale of Scrap       | 2,200                |
| -Finished Goods             | 15,000   | Interest Received   | 1,800                |
| Sundry Debtors              | 30,000   | Commission Received | 1,650                |
| Freight on purchase         | 1,700    | Sales               | 2,60,000             |
| Bills Receivable            | 28,000   | Capital             | 77,450               |
| Wages                       | 12,000   |                     |                      |
| Salaries                    | 10,000   |                     | a a a                |
| Coal, Water and Gas charges | 4,500    | er en               |                      |
| Printing and Stationery     | 500      |                     |                      |
| Factory Insurance           | 1,200    |                     | n<br>B               |
| Repairs to factory shed     | 600      |                     | 8 R <sup>2</sup> 1 B |
| Purchase                    | 2,00,000 |                     | *                    |
| Cash at Bank                | 12,000   | 9<br>v m            | 2. F                 |
| Plant and Machinery         | 30,000   | · g s               |                      |
| Factory shed                | 60,000   |                     | 1                    |
| Rent                        | 3,000    |                     |                      |
| Factory Lighting            | 1,200    |                     |                      |
| Advertisement               | 1,400    |                     |                      |
| * *                         | 4,41,100 |                     | 4,41,100             |

The following additional informational is provides to you:

- a) Closing stock: Raw Material Rs.26,000, Work-in-Progress Rs.28,000 and Finished Goods Rs.25,000.
- b) Outstanding wages for the year end was Rs.2, 000.
- c) Advertisement prepaid for the next year Rs.400
- d) Depreciation Plant and Machinery @, 7%, Factory Shed @ 3.5%.
- e) Bill Receivable dishonoured for the year ended Rs.4, 000.
- f) Goods lost by fire worth Rs.5, 000 and insurance company admitted claim worth Rs.4, 000 only. Prepare Manufacturing account, Trading account, Profit and loss account and Balance sheet as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. (20M)

## OR

Q.2. From the following Trial Balance as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 of Mr. Ryan prepare Manufacturing Account, Trading Account and Profit and Loss Account for the year end 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 and Balance Sheet as on that date.

| Particular     | e e e |     | Debit Amount | Credit Amount |
|----------------|-------|-----|--------------|---------------|
| Capital        | n , e | . * |              | 80,000        |
| Drawings       |       | *   | 10,000       | -             |
| Opening Stock: |       |     |              |               |
| -Raw Material  | * * * |     | 10,000       | -             |

| -Work in Progress                 | 9,000       | -        |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| -Finished Goods                   | 17,000      | •        |
| Purchase of Raw Material          | 1,08,000    | ±, 4     |
| Freight on Raw Material           | 6,000       |          |
| Direct Wages                      | 44,000      | •        |
| Factory Rent                      | 18,000      | -        |
| Factory Power and Fuel            | 9,000       | <u>.</u> |
| Factory Supervisors Salary        | 10,000      | 4        |
| Machinery Salary                  | 70,000      | -        |
| Sales                             | -           | 3,45,000 |
| Office Expenses                   | 24,000      | -        |
| Cash at Bank                      | 5,000       | -        |
| Selling and Distribution Expenses | 20,000      | -        |
| Interest                          | 7,000       | -        |
| Insurance Premium                 | 10,000      | -        |
| Creditors                         | -           | 18,000   |
| Bad Debts                         | 1000        | -        |
| Provision for Bad Debts           | -           | 2,000    |
| Sundry Debtors                    | 70,000      | - 4      |
| Bills Payable                     | <b>1</b> -, | 3,000    |
|                                   | 4,48,000    | 4,48,000 |

Following further information is provided to you:

a) Closing stock as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 was Raw material Rs.10, 000, Work in-Progress Rs.6, 000 and Finished goods Rs.15,000.

b) Depreciate Machinery @10% p.a

c) During the year finished goods destroyed by fire were Rs.5, 000. Insurance company admitted the claim for Rs.3,000.

d) Provide Reserve for doubtful debts @ 5% on debtors.

e) Factory rent outstanding is Rs.2,000

(20M)

# Q.3. Following is the record of transaction regarding purchase and Sales Mr.Kailash.

| Date       | Particular      | Units | Rate Per Unit (Rs.) |
|------------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|
| 01-01-2021 | Opening Balance | 500   | 30                  |
| 03-01-2021 | Purchases       | 1,000 | 36                  |
| 10-01-2021 | Sales           | 800   | 45                  |
| 15-01-2021 | Purchases       | 1,400 | 40                  |
| 20-01-2021 | Sales           | 2,000 | 50                  |
| 25-01-2021 | Purchases       | 1,800 | 38                  |
| 28-01-2021 | Sale            | 800   | 45                  |
| 29-01-2021 | Sale            | . 300 | 42                  |
| 30-01-2021 | Purchases       | 500   | 40                  |

Find the following from the above;

a) Value of stock using FIFO Method as on 31st January, 2021.

b) Value of stock using Weight Average Method as on 31st January, 2021.

(20M)

### OR

- Q.3. Sate whether the following expenditure and receipts are capital or revenue. Give reasons for your answers.
- 1. A Machinery costing Rs.2, 00,000 was sold for Rs.2, 15,000. 2. Premium of Rs.35000 was received on issue of Equity shares
- 3. Spent Rs. 30, 000 for white washing of factory building.

- 4. Legal Expenses of Rs.8, 000 paid to defend a suit for breach of contract to supply goods.
- 5. Wages of Rs.20, 000 paid for erection of machinery.
- 6. Office rent paid in advance for 2 years Rs.10, 000
- 7. Goods costing Rs.30, 000distributed free of cost amongst the workers.
- 8. Carriage paid for bringing new machinery Rs.25, 000.
- 9. A second car purchased for Rs.2, 00,000.
- 10. Interest of Rs.8, 000 paid on Bank overdraft.

(20M)

- Q.4.Raj & Sons purchased a printing machine from Sameer & Sons Printer on Hire Purchase basis on 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2021. The term of the contract were as follows:-
- I) The cash price of the machine was Rs.75, 000.
- II) Rs.15, 000 was paid on signing the contract on 1st July,2021
- III) The balance was paid in installment of Rs.20,000 plus interest at 15% per annum.
- IV) The installment was paid on 31st December every year commencing from 31st December, 2021.
- Raj & Sons charged depreciation at 20% p.a under SLM. They closed their books on 31st December.

# Show the necessary ledger account in the boos of Raj & Sons for three year, 2021, 2022 and 2023. (20M)

Q.4. From the following particular of Chaitanya Garments prepare Trading and Profit and loss Account of two departments i.e. Garment & Cosmetic for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021:

| Particular          | Garment Dept. | Cosmetic Dept. | Total    |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Opening Stock       | 65,000        | 50,000         | 1,15,000 |
| Purchases           | 2,40,000      | 1,60,000       | 4,00,000 |
| Sales               | 3,20,000      | 2,80,000       | 6,00,000 |
| Salaries            | 12,000        | 10,000         | 22,000   |
| General Expenses    | -             |                | 15,000   |
| Rent & Rates        | · * * *       |                | 30,000   |
| Carriage inward     | -             |                | 6,000    |
| Carriage Outward    | -             | -              | 12,000   |
| Discount Allowed    |               |                | 9,000    |
| Discount Received   | -             |                | 4,500    |
| Travelling Expenses | -             | -              | 15,000   |
| Insurance Charges   | _             | _              | 5.000    |

## **Additional Information:**

- 1. General Expenses and insurance are to be equally.
- 2. Area occupied by Garment & Cosmetic department are in the ratio 4:1
- 3. Closing stock of Garment Department is Rs.1, 20,000 and that of Cosmetic department is Rs.60, 000.
- 4. Other expenses and income to be allocated between two departments on suitable basis. (20M)
- Q.5.A.Explain the concepts, benefits and limitation of Accounting Standards. (10M)
- Q.5.B. Distinguish between FIFO Method and Weighted Average Method. (10M)

#### OF

# Q.5. Write Short Note: (Any 4)

(20M)

- a) Important Terms in Hire Purchase
- b) Distinguish between Capital Expenditure and Revenue Expenditure
- c) Prepaid Expenses and Outstanding Expenses (With Example)
- d) AS-1 (Accounting Policies)
- e) Advantage of Departmental Accounting

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