instructions

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Numbers to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) If required, refer to the English question paper.

Q. 1 a) Write the correct word in the blank. (Any eight)

08

- 1) The Sati Abolition Act was enacted in..... (1830, 1820, 1829, 1840)
- Capital of India is
 (Maharashtra, Delhi, Madras, Calcutta)
- 3) Both the concepts of caste and varna are.... (same, different, similar, identical)
- 4) ... Citizen means one who has completed 60 years of age. (young, child, adult or senior, educated)
- 5) Tribal society is mentioned in the Constitution of India as--- (Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Backward Classes, Other Backward Classes)
- 6) -- Freedom is guaranteed to all as per Art. (Article 19, Article 18, Article 20, Article 15)
- 7) Two or more persons who come together with similar thoughts--is called. (group, friends, ideology, commitment)
- 8) Preamble i.e. Constitution of India--Yes. (Introduction, Discussion, Objective Statement, Reading)
- 9) Due to the effects of coughing, shortness of breath, blue blood, and deterioration of eyes etc. are seen on the body.

(Carbon Monoxide, Nicotine, Ammonia Gas, Oxygen)

10) Every village has ...(Taluka, Village, City, District)

Q.1 b) State whether the following statements are true or false. (any seven)

07

- 1) The problem of child labor is an ancient and universal political problem.
- 2) Deficiency of vitamin A causes disability.
- 3) Regionalism means provincialism.
- 4) Hindi is the national language of India.

5) Poverty and population growth are two sides of t	the same coin.		***
6) National Human Rights Commission was established	ished as per the provisi	ons of Protection	n of Human
Rights Act 1993.			
7) The National Action Plan was formulated in 199	98.		
8) The gram sevak is the head of the gram panchay	at.		
9) Decibel is a measure of sound intensity.			
			1.5
Q.2 a) Explain the structure of the population according	rding to religion?		15
Or			i.
b) Explain the characteristics of Indian culture	?		
Q.3 a) Explain in detail the social problems faced by	ov Indian society?		15
Or	y maran society.		
b) Explain major types of disabilities in detail?)		
b) Explain major types of disdefinees in detail.			
Q.4 a) Explain the basic duties of an Indian crizen	?		15
Or			
b) Explain in detail the salient features of the O	Constitution of India?		
Q.5 a) Explain the problems of women in India?			15
Or			
b) Write notes (any three)			
1. Rural society			
Disparity and Disability			
3. Causes of child labor in India			
4. Fundamental Duties of Indian Citizens			
5 Urban Society			