Duration :- 2 ½ Hours Note :- All Questions are compulsory Figures to the right indicate full marks. (8m)O.1A) Choose the correct Alternative (Any8) (R,4,Ab, Co1,Po2) In a circular flow economy firm supply __ 1) c) Land d) Capital b) Goods and Services a) Labour indicates the measures of national income distribution (R4,Co,,Po1) 2) d) Per Capital Income b) GNP c) NNP a) GDP (R.4, Col, Pol) The level of unemployment is very high during 3) a) Depression b) Recession c) Prosperity d) Boom proportion (R,4, Co2,Po1) When income increase consumption will increase in a 4) d) More or less c) fewer b) lesser a) More Incidence of taxation means (An Ap, Co3, Po2) 5) d) Impact of a tax (An, Ap, Co3, Po2) c) Shifting b) Final burden a) Initial burden (An, Co3, Po1) Repo rate is the interest paid by 6) c) Central bank d) people b) Commercial bank a) Financial institution Public expenditure is important for 7) c) Infrastructural development b) Health facilities a) Balanced regional development (a,Co1,Co3,Po3) d) Balanced and Infrastructural development FRBM Act was passed in the year (u, Co1, Co3, Do3) 8) c) 2000 d) 2003 b) 2001 a) 2004 Ricardian theory of international trade is beneficial under 9) c) Equal differences in cost Absolute Cost a) Comparative cost. b) d) Comparative and Absolute Cost (A, Co4, Do2) 10) FDI stands for a) foreign direct investment b) Foreign development programme d) Federal Direct Loan (E, Co4, Po3) c) Follow on Public Offer Q1B) State Whether the following statements are True or False (Any 7) (7m)1) An open economy is one which has no foreign trade (R, u, Co1, Po1) 2) Saving increase with a rise in income (R,4, An, Co1, Po3) 3) Economics is concerned with real investments (Co1, Po2, R, 4, AP) 4) The cash balance approach considers money as a store of value (An, Co2, Po1) 5) Deflation is worse than inflation (R,4, Co2, Po2) 6) Perfect Competition always ensures optimum, use of resources (R, 4, Ap, Co3, Po3) 7) During recession government increase its expenditure (An, Co3, Po2) 8) The burden of a direct tax cannot be shifted (R,4, Co3, Po2) 9) The government of India always has a surplus budget (An, Co4, Po1) 10) Modern theory rejects the Ricardian theory of international trade (An, E, Co4, Po2) Q2) Answer the following A) Define Macro economics What is the scope (R,4, Co1, Po3) (7m)(8 m)B) Explain the Importance of National Income (R,4, (D1,Po2) A) Explain the Aggregate Demand Function and Aggregate supply function (7m)(R. 4, An, Co1, Po3) B) Enumerate the phases of trade cycle (4AP, Co2, Co1, Po3) (8m)Answer the following **Q3**) (7m)A) Explain different types of Inflation (Ap, Ah, Po2, Co2,) (8 m)B) Explain the instruments of monetary policy (An; Co2, Po2) OR A) How does the demand for money is influenced by Keynes liquidity preference theory (7m)(An.Co2.Po2) B) Explain the determinants of monetary policy (An, Co2, Po3) (8M)

Q4) Answer the following		(7 m)
A) Explain the factor casing market failure (Ap,E, Co1, Po3, (07)		
B) Explain objectives of fiscal policy (An, Co3, Po2)		(8 m)
OR	*	
A) Explain the cannons of Taxation (Ap, Co2,	Po3)	(7m)
B) Explain the structure of Union budget (An Co3, Po2)		(8m)
(15) Answer the following		(7 m)
A) What are the factors affecting terms of trade (U,R Co4, Po3,) (07)		(8 m)
B) Explain the Ricardo Theory of comparative	cost (An, E, Co, Po1)	(0 111)
OR		(1.5)
().5) Write short note on (Any 3)	9	$(15 \mathrm{m})$
1) Sources of taxation	(R,4,Ap, Co3, Po1)	
	(An, Ap, Co2, Po2)	
,	(R, Ap, Co2, Po3)	
3) Demand pull inflation		
4) Circular flow of two sector economy	(An, Col,Pol)	
5) Effects of inflation	(An, E, Co2, Po2)	
6) Green GDP,	(An, Col, Pol)	

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