Duration: 21/ Hours SUBAt - FC - (0)	
Duration: 2 ½ Hours 0	MARKS:-75
Note:- 1) All questions are compulsory.	*
2) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks	
Q.1 (A) Multiple Choice Questions (Any Eight) (CO1-4, R)	8M
1. The central banking function in India are performed by the	
(a) Central Bank of India (b) RBI (c) SBI (d) Punjab National	Bank
2is chairman of the Central Board of directors of RBI.	
(a) Finance Minister (b) Governor (c) President (d) None of the above	ve
3is the function of the financial system.	
(a) Saving Function (b) Nationalization of financial inst	citution
(c) Establishments of Development Banks (d) Commercial Banks	
4. The IPO of a bank process is ultimately regulated by the.	
(a) RBI (b) SEBI (c) AMFI (d) C	
5. The usually have a maturity period of at least one year.	
(a) Equity Shares (b) Debenture (c) Corporate Bonds (d) U	
6. Debt Instruments which have a maturity of less than 1 year at the time of	f issue are called
Instruments.	
(a) Debt (b) Money Market (c) Equity (d) Financial	
7. are plans that are sponsored by most large companies.	
(a) ESOP (b) DRIPS (c) Dividend (d) Bonus Share	
8. All type of activities which are of a financial nature are called	
(a) Financial Market (b) Primary Market (c) Capital Market	(d) Financial Services
9. Financial instruments are useful for	_ a _ ,
(a) Creating benefits for Government (b) Providing Credit Creation	1 × × ×
(c) Mobilization of saving (d) Creating Direct Securiti	es
10 is a road towards a high growth economy.	,
(a) Venture Capital (b) Leasing (c) Merchant Banking (d) N	lone
Q.1 (B) State whether True or False: (Any Seven)(CO1-4, R)	7M
1. The settlement cycle is now T+1.	
2. The organized sector is largely made up of money lenders and indigenous bar	nkers.
3. Primary Market deals in new financial claims, therefore it is called the new is	sue market.
4. SBTS stands for simple basket trading system.	The constitution of
5. The benefits of debt markets include diversifying credit risks across the econo	omy by providing
an alternative to conventional bank lending.	
6. The corporate debt market in India basically comprises PSU bonds and privat	e sector donds.
7. If a person is a "bull", then they expect prices to rise.	
8. The merchant banking activity in India is governed by AMFI	mat
9. Money market is a place where the demand for and supply of short term fund	s are met.
10. Debit cards and credit cards differ in some significant ways.	

Q.2 Answer the following:(CO1-2, R,U)	15M
a. Classification of the financial market.	
b. What is the money market? Explain function & limitation.	14
OR	
c. What are the advantages & disadvantages of the debt market?	
d. What is bond & What are the features of bond.	
Q.3 Answer the following: (CO2-3, R,U)	15M
a. What interest rate regimes explain the features.	
b. What are the Inflation & Various type of Inflation	
OR	
c. Discuss the classification of financial instrument	
d. Distinguish between futures vs Option	
Q.4 Answer the following: (CO4, R,U)	15M
a. Explain the growth of Derivatives market in India.	
b. What is a Credit Card? Which are the parties to the Credit Card?	
QR	
c. Explain Saving & Investment.	
d. Functions of financial System.	
Q.5 write short notes on: (any 5)(CO1-4, R,U)	15M
a.Equity fund	
b.forward Contract	
c. Security market	
d.Banking institution	
e. Services of Merchant Bank	=45
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