## C45A23RM

				Seat Number:	C
D		ll questions are com	pulsory. idicate maximum ma	rks.	Marks:- 75
		with appropriate option			(8)
	a. Society	b. Organization	c. Environment	d. Universe	
2.	In case of I	research , there is no co	ommercial angle. Co1 (Y)		
	a. Empirical	b. Descriptive	c. Basic	d. Applied	
3.	Is called a	as a blueprint for collect	tion measurement and a	analysis of data. Co2 (R&U)	
	a. Research Probl	em b. Sample D	esign c. H	ypothesis d. Rese	arch design
4.	ls a propo	sition which can be put	to test to determine its	validity. Co2 (E)	
	a. Sample design	b. Research Design	c. Research Problem	d. Hypothesis	
5.	Research design p	provides to th	ne research staff. Co2 (A	P)	
	a. Discussion	b. Direction .	C. Data	d. Problem	
6.	Hypothes	is states that there is no	o relationship between t	wo or more hypothesis. Co	2 (U)
	a. Null				
7.	A1, A2, A3, etc is	called as Cod	ing. Co3(AP)		
	a. Alphabetical	b. Scientific	c. Alpha-Numerical	d. Numerical	
8.	is a circul	ar chart used to compa	re parts of the whole. Co	o3 (E)	
	a. Line Graphs	b. Pie Chart	c. Gnat Charts	d. Bar Graphs.	
9.	A report is p	prepared when there is	a long gap between dat	a collection and presentatic	on of final report. Co4 (
	a. Technical	b. Interim	c. Summary	d. Popular	
10.	provides s	upplementary informat	ion and supports finding	gs. Co4 (AP)	
	a. Bibliography	b. Recommendation	c. Appendix	d. Footnote.	
Q1. ( 1. F	(B) State whether Review of literature	the following statement enables the researched	nt are True or False (an r to formulate research p	y 7) (Co -1,2, U) problem. Co1 (R,AP)	(7)
2. F	Research has no sig	nificance in accounting	and finance. Co1 (U)		
3. F	lypothesis must be	conceptually clear. Co2	2 (U)		
4. R	Research design doe	es not indicate sample s	size . Co2 (U)		
5. S	econdary data colle	ection methods is a tim	e consuming process as	compared to primary data of	collection. Co3 (AN)
6. T	he sample selected	for research need not	represent the universe.	Co3 (AP)	
7. lr	nternal Sources of s	econdary data collection	on include government s	tatistics. Co3 (R)	
8. T	echnical report is d	esigned for executives.	Co4 (R)		
9. R	esearch report pro	vides outdated informa	tion on important matte	ers. Co4 (R&U)	
10.	The main goal of ba	asic research is to expan	nd man's knowledge. Co	1 (U)	

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Q2. Answer the following:						
1. Explain the need of research in accounting and finance . $Co1 - (R, U)$		(8)				
2. What are the types of research design? Co2- (U, AP)						
Or		(7)				
. What are the steps in formulation of hypothesis? Co2 – (R & U)						
4. Discuss the essentials of a good research report. Co4 (R)		(8)				
		(7)				
Q3. Answer the following	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a					
1. What is Research? Explain its Characteristics. Co1 – (U)						
2. Discuss the types of questionnaire. Co3 – (U & AP)		(8)				
Or		. (7)				
3. Explain the interview methods of data collection? $Co3 - (R \& U)$						
4. What is data analysis and interpretation in research. Co3 & Co4 - (U & AP)		(8)				
, $(0 \otimes AP)$		(7)				
Q4. Answer the following						
1. Explain in brief the stages in data processing. Co3 – (R)		(0)				
2. Discuss the probability Methods of sampling. $Co3 - (R\&AP)$		(8)				
Or		(7)				
3. Explain the methods of primary data collection. Co3 – (U)						
4. What are the advantages and limitations of secondary data . Co3 - (U & AP)		(8)				
(U & AP)		(7)				

## Q5. (A) Calculate mean from the following data by direct method. Co3 (AN)

Х	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
F	2	3	9	4	2
	-		T. Castlinaka		S. S. S. S.

## (B). Find out the median from the following data. Co3 - (AN)

No. of Students (F)		
4		
6		
10		
25		
15		

## Q5. Write Short note on: (Any 3)

1. Hypothesis Co2 (U)

2. Research as a Process Co1 (R & U)

3. Types of research Co1 (R & AP)

4. Literature of Research Report Co4 (U)

5. Structure of Research Report.

"Research is to see what everybody else has seen, and to think what nobody else has thought"

OR

(7)

(8)

(15)