S.Y.CS.II

S0133 / S2004 / OPERATING SYSTEM.

Q. P. Code: 20569

$(2\frac{1}{2})$	Hours

[Total Marks: 75]

N.B.	3. 1) All questions are compulsory.				
	2) Figures to the right indicate marks.				
	3) Illustra	3) Illustrations, in-depth answers and diagrams will be appreciated.			
	4) Mixing of sub-questions is not allowed.				
		e suitable data if required.			
Q. 1	Attempt	All (Each of 5Marks)	(15M)		
(a)					
()	i.	increases CPU utilization by organizing jobs so that the	\$ 10°00		
	•	CPU always has one to execute.			
		a) Memory b) Processor c) Scheduling d) Multiprogramming.	3.83		
	ii.	Software may trigger an interrupt by executing a special operation called	2013		
		a) an event b) hit c) a system call d) module			
	iii.	When several processes access and manipulate the same data concurrently and the outcome of the execution depends on the			
		particular order in which the access takes place, is called			
		a) Linking b) Race condition			
		c) synchronization d) process communication			
	iv.	A file is an data type.			
		a) abstract b) String c) integer d) character			
	v.	The time is the time for the disk arm to move the heads to			
	e 55°	the cylinder containing the desired sector.			
		a) Latency b)response c) rotational d) seek			
(b)	Fill in th	ne blanks and rewrite the sentence.			
(~)		address, command line, microkernel , real time, C-SCAN,			
.5		ogramming, compiler )			
~\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$\mathbf{i}$	interface uses text commands and a method for entering them			
800	ii.	Operating system's approach structures the operating			
		system by removing all nonessential components form the kernel			
200	8,80,80,00	and implementing them as system and user level programs.			
	iii.	In a environment, several processes may compet for a finite number of resources.			
	iv.	An address generated by the CPU is referred to as a			
	v.	In disk scheduling, scheduling moves the head from one			
		end of the disk to the other, servicing requests along the way.			
(c)	Answer	following questions in one or two sentences.			
	5 3 i.v.	Write use of a control program?			
	ii.	What is mutual exclusion?			
	iii.	Why deadlock prevention is necessary?			
200	iv.	What is the use of base register and limit register?			
1748 - 175 A	The state of the s	What is a file?			

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- Q. 2 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (15M)Define single and multiprocessor systems. Write advantages of multiprocessor `(a) systems. Write a note on time sharing operating system. (b) Enlist operating systems services. Describe any for in detail. (c) What is a system program? Explain various categories of it. (d) (e) Describe five state process model. (f) Write a note on process scheduling. Q. 3 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (15M)Explain critical section problem in detail. (a) Write a note on Dinning Philosophers problem. (b) Draw Gantt chart for FCFS and SJF for the following and find average waiting (c) time. Process CPU burst time Arrival time P1 7 0 P2 3 2 P3 5 2 P4 8 2 P5 7 3 3 Write different scheduling criterion. (d) State and explain different types of data structures used in Banker's algorithm. (e) Describe safe state deadlock avoidance algorithm. (f) Attempt the following (Any THREE) Q. 4 (15)What is swapping? Explain in detail. (a)
  - Explain in brief single level and two level directory structure. Consider a disk queue with requests for I/O to blocks on cylinders 98, 34, 56, 122, 56, 75, 67, 183

OPT and LRU. Frame size = 3. 5 3 2 1 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 3 2 4 Briefly explain different file operations.

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

Write a note on segmentation memory management.

Find total head movement of cylinders of head starts at 56 using FCFS and SSTF scheduling.

For the following page reference string calculate number of page faults with

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Q. 5 Attempt the following (Any THREE) (15)
(a) Describe structure of PCB.
(b) Write a note on Round-Robin algorithm.
(c) Explain the working of TLB.
(d) What is deadlock? Explain necessary conditions required to occur deadlock.
(e) What is a thread? Write benefits of multithreaded programming.