Paper / Subject Code: 83016 / Export Marketing Paper - II

Time:	: 3 Hrs.	Marks: 100	
	: 1. All questions are compulsory.		r Section 1
riote .	2. Figures to the right state the marks allotted to the questions.	8	2
100			
014	A. Select the most appropriate answer from the options given below	ow (Any Ten)	(10)
1	of the product may offer re-use value to consumers.		
1.	Packaging	3- 20 ⁴	
	Pricing		, , , , , ,
	• Placing	4	\$ 2
	• Pitching	(2)	
			ALA
2	facilitates easy identification of the products to consumers.		- (1)
	Carting	5 A.	
	Scaling	A	
	Weighing	- 4	
	• Labelling	2	
2 Tan	coterms refer to	and the second	100
3. mc	Indian Commercial Terminals	\$ \$ C	12
, Link	International Commercial Terms	· /y	, titt
(2)	Interim Compensation Terms		
Co.	International Company Terminals		
	• International Company Terminals	3	
4.	, is one of the advantages of indirect exporting to the manufact	urer.	
1972	Control on pricing decisions	4 6	- 4
2	Limited risk		
7,00	Control on branding decisions	907	
1	First hand information		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	oca a cunnly chain	\$1 24
5	is an information-based activity of inventory movement act	oss a suppry cham.	
42,4	• Warehousing		
. 6	• Unitisation		
3	• Logistics		
X IV	 Positioning 		
6.	element of promotion mix is aimed at inducing quick response	onse in the short term	n from
	customers and intermediaries.		
	• CRM		
- (S)	• SCM		
-Judjing"	 Publicity 		
	Sales Promotion		
L		thada af narmant in	ovnovt
7	is considered to be one of the most popular and secured me	thous of payment in	export
marke	eting.		4
1.	Letter of Credit		
0	Open Account method		
0	Deferred Credit payment		
	 Payment against shipment on consignment 		

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			5	
8. Post-shir	oment finance is usually g	ranted for a period of	days.	.67
	40			ATT I
•	90			A second
•	150		A	
le .	240		75,	
9. The priminvolve	nary objective of	is to protect exporters and india.	nd banks against cree	lit risk
9 %	RBI			6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SEBI			6
wa 🦸	ECGC		4	4.5
5 5 10	ITPO			
10. EIC an	d EIA were set up by Gov provide funds to expor- insure export products ensure proper packagi monitor pre-shipment	rters ng		
11. Port Tr	rust authorities issue	to exporters.		and the same of th
	carting orders			0
-	Certificate Of Origin		5	A
•	Let-Export-Order		76x	
5	Let-Ship-Order		25	\$9.
12.	100	sulate of the importing coun	itry, stationed in the	exporters
countr				1.Ov
	Commercial invoice			
	Shipping Bill Consular invoice	·		P
	Bill of Lading			
	A 100 Mar 1			
Q.1. B. Sta	ate whether the following	g statements are True or I	False. (Any Ten)	(10)
1 Produc	ct design is the process of	creating new and improved	d products.	a avample of
		ne phrase 'Protect from wat	er on a package is a	1 example of
markii	ng on a product.	rter has to pay for marine in	nsurance for exports	
3. Under	C&F quotation, the expo	aintain close contacts with	its ultimate custome	rs will adopt
4. An ex	channels of distribution.	annam close contacts with		
5 Politica	al risks in export marketing	ng refer to risk due to civil o	disturbances, war, re-	volution etc. in
import	ers' or exporters' countrie	S.		
6 Adver	tising involves face-to-fac	ce communication between	the exporting firm a	nd its consumers.
7 The O	nen Account method of p	ayment involves consideral	ble risk of bad debts.	
8 Packin	ng credit is provided to me	eet working capital requires	ments before the snip	ment of goods.
9. Comn	nercial banks provide only	fund-based assistance to e	exporters.	oods in India
10. Self-C	Certification is one of the i	methods of pre-shipment in ust be realised within 100 d	lays from the date of	shipment.
11. In Ind	na, the export proceeds m	ent required by custom aut	horities for permittin	g shipment of
12. Mate goods		ent required by eastern and	The second secon	* .
goods	W			
- 113		A December 1		

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(15)Q.2. Answer any two of the following: (a) Discuss the factors influencing branding decisions in export marketing. (b) Explain the various objectives of pricing in export marketing. (c) From the following details calculate the minimum FOB price which can be quoted by an exporter to USA. Also calculate the amount of foreign exchange that can be earned @ Rs 80/- per American Dollar Rs. 65,000/-Ex-factory cost Rs. 15,000/-Packing cost Rs. 20,000/ Transportation cost Contribution to profit @ 10% of FOB cost Duty Drawback @ 10% of FOB price (15)Q.3. Answer any two of the following: (a) Distinguish between direct and indirect exporting channels. (b) What are the factors to be considered while selecting modes of transport for export marketing? (c) Describe the various sales promotion techniques that marketers can use in export marketing. (15)Q.4. Answer any two of the following: (a) Discuss the procedure of opening a Letter of Credit. (b) Discuss the features of pre-shipment finance available to exporters in India. (c) Explain the role of SIDBI in financing exporters in India. (15)Q.5. Answer any two of the following: (a) Discuss the procedure of pre-shipment inspection. (b) Explain the steps involved in shipment of goods and custom clearance. (c) What is the importance of Commercial Invoice in export marketing? (20)Q.6. Write short notes on any four of the following: (i) Packaging of export goods (ii) Personal selling (iii) Benefits of countertrade (iv) Bill of Lading (v) Procedure of obtaining export finance (vi) Components of logistics

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