

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:**
1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 A) Select the **right** answer and **rewrite** the statement (Any 10)

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1. Liberalisation policy was announced on _____.
a) January 1st 1991
b) April 1st 1991
c) July 24th 1991
d) None of the above
2. Social infrastructure refers to _____.
a) Agriculture
b) Education
c) Real estate
d) Manufacturing
3. _____ is related to girls education?
a) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
b) RUSA
c) Beti Padhao, Beti Bachao
d) None of the above
4. Farmers need short-term loans for _____.
a) purchase of seeds
b) purchase of inputs
c) to meet consumption needs
d) all of the above
5. _____ is the apex body of rural credit.
a) Government of India
b) Reserve Bank of India
c) NABARD
d) ADB
6. Farmers are not able to realise better prices because of _____.
a) lack of grading
b) lack of market knowledge
c) lack of storage facilities
d) all of the above
7. Disinvestment refers to _____.
a) sale of government ownership
b) purchase of shares
c) sale of private securities
d) none of the above
8. Industrial pollution control is a _____.
a) State subject
b) Central subject
c) Concurrent subject
d) None of the above
9. _____ sectors are identified for promotion.
a) Tourism
b) Medical tourism
c) both a) and b)
d) none of the above
10. Narasimham Committee recommended _____.
a) introduction of modern technology
b) consolidation of banks
c) liberalization of banking sector
d) all of the above
11. Indian money market is regulated by _____.
a) the RBI
b) SBI
c) SEBI
d) LIC
12. Equity market is associated with _____.
a) Government Securities
b) private securities
c) issue of fresh capital
d) sale of old shares

Q.1 B) State whether the following statements are **True** or **False** (Any 10)

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1. NEP was launched by Mr. P.V. Narasimha Rao.
2. Invest in India is to attract foreign investment.

3. National Nutrition Mission (NNM) is created to ensure effective nutrition interventions.
4. Central government allocation to agriculture declined in recent years.
5. Credit provisioning for agriculture is adequate in India.
6. Agricultural marketing infrastructure is inadequate in India.
7. Disinvestment in India is mainly governed by deficit considerations.
8. National Green Tribunal is responsible to maintain the environment.
9. FDI flows into services sector are not satisfactory.
10. Indian banking sector is facing serious threat from non-performing assets.
11. Indian money market is segmented.
12. Indian insurance sector provides only life insurance.

- Q.2 Answer **any two** of the following: 15
- a. What is liberalisation? Explain the different policy measures undertaken to liberalise the Indian economy since 1991.
 - b. Explain the role of social infrastructure related to health.
 - c. Explain any seven Sustainable Development Goals.
- Q.3 Answer **any two** of the following: 15
- a. Explain the main features of National Agriculture Policy 2000.
 - b. Discuss the role of different financial institutions in providing rural credit.
 - c. Explain the policy initiatives to improve agricultural marketing in India.
- Q.4 Answer **any two** of the following: 15
- a. Bring out the main features of Competition Act of 2002.
 - b. Explain the measures to promote MSME sector in recent years.
 - c. Explain the growth of services sector since 1991.
- Q.5 Answer **any two** of the following: 15
- a. Explain the recent trends in Indian banking sector.
 - b. Explain the various money market instruments.
 - c. Explain the role of SEBI in the development of capital market.
- Q.6 Write short notes on **any four**: 20
- a. Globalisation
 - b. Make in India
 - c. Agricultural Pricing strategies
 - d. Measures to control industrial pollution
 - e. Measures to develop the insurance sector
 - f. Structure of Indian capital market
